

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1835.

MARTIN VAN BUREN—No. 7.

The question is often put by the opposition—"How does Mr Van Buren come before the nation?—What claims has he for the office of Chief Magistrate?" The inquiry is a fair one, and, conscious as I am how much better it might be answered by many, very many, than by me, I am ready to meet it. He comes before the independent freemen of the country, with a mind cultivated for political action by severe discipline, in situations as has been shown, not of his own seeking, but conferred by the spontaneous will, the unsolicited suffrages, by the unanimous voice of the republican interest, that since the days of Jefferson has, through many conflicts, sustained the character and tendency of those principles, inculcated by that enlightened father of our republican institutions. He comes before the public, unaided by family influence, by the powerful agency of his own talents, by his undeviating devotion to the best interests of his country. The State of New York has distinguished him by giving him the highest need of her approbation as a man of talents—as a man devoted to the best interests of his immediate fellow citizens—qualified on the demand of occasion to meet the call on his talents to promote the welfare of the nation—in fine, to sustain his progress of ascendancy from obscurity to high-water mark of state eminence, and then to fasten his hold on the national approbation, in the midst of an association of contemporary talent of no secondary order. But what has Mr Van Buren done for his country? What distinguished act has he performed to entitle him to the office of Chief Magistrate? He did not fight at Bunker Hill, at Saratoga, at Yorktown, nor did he shoulder his rifle at the battle of New Orleans. To all these sins of omission (but the last)—his friends can plead for him what the lawyers sometimes plead in a criminal action, viz—*an alibi*: that is, he could not have been there; for, if I am not much in error (and I wish not to be) he was born about the time peace was declared. But our Revolutionary stock is all, in the common phrase, "used up." We must come to using our second planting. Our tried patriots have left the stage—"Our fathers, where are they?" and the prophets, do they endure forever?" Our fathers have left us a legacy, and we are bound by a two-fold obligation to manage it well, both out of regard to their munificence, and with an eye to those who follow us. We are urged by more than temporary obligations to commit that legacy not only to honest, but to skilful hands. Some, many of us, believe, that both these requisites are united, in an eminent degree, in the Man of the People, the candidate of the nation; and when I say some of us, the writer of this article claims to be included in the number.

LEON.

The U. S. Bank.—It appears from the returns of this institution for the month of June, that, notwithstanding the necessity of "winding up its concerns," which existed a year ago—and which was given as an excuse for the part it took in creating the panic—it now finds it expedient to extend its loans and circulation to an unprecedented extent, for objects which may be very easily guessed at. During the month of June, its loans were increased \$1,555,046, and its circulation \$3,152,881. Since the first of November, its loans have been increased \$19,443,491, and its circulation \$9,863,089. The amount of its loans on the 1st instant, was \$65,197,492, and its circulation \$25,332,820. In this city its loans were increased, during the last month, \$888,368, and since the 1st of February, \$3,152,881—at the latter period, the loans at this branch amounted to \$2,802,025, and on the 1st inst., the aggregate was \$5,954,906.

The Editor of the Atlas goes altogether on the bed-bug principle—hear him rave—he is talking about Col. Johnson—

"His military glory is based on a lie. His political reputation stands on deception. His only accomplishment is perulation for himself, and almsbegging for others."

How it must have made the fellow sweat, to have written the above so hot a day as Monday.

Daniel Bradford, after a lapse of twenty-five years, has resumed the editorial control of the Kentucky Gazette. Mr Bradford says—

"If the representations of partisan editors were true, we have not, for years, had a candidate for any high office, who ought not in justice, to have been elevated to the gallows. He believes the conductors of the political journals have mistaken the taste of the people—that it is not that morbid craving to be satisfied with nothing but foul abuse and slander."

The Traveller says that "great preparations are making for the reception of the female representative of the Chinese nation, who is expected to arrive in this city to-day, (yesterday) and who will be happy to receive the calls of our citizens as soon as she can 'set her house in order.'"

Editors getting up.—Horatio Gates, editor of the Buffalo Star, has received a premium of \$50 from the Manager of the Theatre in that place, for an Address to be spoken on the second night after its opening.

A correspondent has had his modesty shocked at the republication of Lord Bacon's apothegms in the Republic of Letters—he appears to feel very bad—poor fellow, we pity him, but suspect he will survive with the aid of salts.

A Sign.—The National Intelligencer is white-washing Judge White and Mr Webster together. One brash answers for both.

The Industrious Fleets are hard at work at Joy's buildings—they complained, considerably, of the heat of the weather yesterday.

A Foot Race for \$500 will come off at West Cambridge on Saturday. See Advertisement.

Death of the Rev. Mr. Hildreth.—The Rev. Hosea Hildreth, well known to this community as a zealous and indelible advocate of the cause of Temperance, died suddenly of apoplexy a few days since, at his residence, at Sterling, to which place he had recently removed. Mr H. at the time of his death, was Corresponding Secretary of the Massachusetts Temperance Society. Previous to engaging in the Temperance cause, Mr Hildreth was for a number of years settled as pastor over a Congregational church and society in Gloucester.—*Traveller*

LATER FROM ENGLAND.

By the arrival at this port, yesterday, of the ship Victoria, Capt. Rogers, London and Liverpool dates to the 5th of June have been received. There is no political news of importance.

The negotiations which have been carried on lately between the English, the French and Spanish governments, relative to the state of affairs in Spain, appears to have produced considerable excitement in England. The course which England has determined on is not yet known.

An investigation was taking place in relation to the late disturbances at Wolverhampton—which would probably result in exonerating the military from all blame.

Lord Palmerston has been returned without opposition, member for Tiverton.

Mr Grote's motion in the House of Commons, to vote by ballot in the Parliamentary elections, was lost on the 2d ult. by a vote of 319 to 146.

MARKETS.

Liverpool, June 3. Cotton.—The market continues to wear a very dull appearance; prices are now full 1d lower than our quotations of Friday last. The sales of this day are about 1000 bales of which 200 are on speculation, and 200 for export. The import this week is very light.

Liverpool, June 4. Cotton.—The sales since Friday amount to 10,000 bales, of which 5000 are sold today; there is a further decline of 1 1/2 pr lb. The arrivals are six vessels from the U. States.

Liverpool, June 5. Prices have revived, and holders have obtained as good prices as on last Friday, and confidence has been restored to a greater degree than then existed.

London Money Market, June 4.—The aspect of the Money Market was extremely gloomy throughout the early part of the day, and scarcely a transaction of any description took place in either department of the Stock Exchange. Late in the day, however, some indications of an improved state of things was manifested in the Foreign Funds.

FIVE DAYS LATER FROM FRANCE.

By the ship Pacific, Capt. Hoxie, at New York, we have Havre dates to June 6th, and Paris to the 15th, both inclusive.

American Indemnity Question.—The Committee in the Chamber of Peers made their report on the 4th. After some remarks by M. Barante, the further discussion of the subject was postponed to the 11th, in spite of the efforts of M. Dubouche, who wished it put off till the 15th. We see nothing in the tone of M. Barante's remarks which varied the aspect of the question. The trial of the Lyons insurgents in the French Chamber of Peers was not concluded.

In relation to the intervention demanded by Spain, the Gazette de France of the 6th remarks—"The Imperial states that two of the ministers threaten to send in their resignations if the intervention be not adopted. On the other hand, it is said that M. Humann and M. de Meunier have declared that they would quit the cabinet, if this measure was resolved upon. It is then for the purpose of gaining time that they have written to London."

In the British House of Commons June 2d, in answer to an inquiry from Lord Londonderry, Lord Melbourne stated that assistance had been thus far rendered to Spain by England, under the Quadruple Treaty. The general subject of the call for intervention does not appear to have been discussed on that occasion.

St. Jean, de Luz, 31st of May, 1835.—Elisondo and Urdahe have been evacuated by the troops of the Queen, and the garrisons of these two places are on their march for Pamplona. A Courier has arrived here to-day, by land, from St. Sebastian, who reports that the insurgents have invested Villa Franca, a place strongly fortified; that during the whole of yesterday the place has been besieged, and that the garrison has made a strong resistance; that Jauregui (el Pastor) had gone off yesterday before midday, with 1500 men to raise the blockade. When the courier came away, the result of the expedition was not yet known. This morning a cannonade was heard in the direction of Villa Franca, and it is announced that the insurgents have abandoned the place.

They assaulted it twice, with the view of getting into it, but each time in vain. They were repulsed with the loss of 200 men. These two assaults were made last night. The first at midnight and the second at 2 o'clock. The insurgents retired in consequence of being informed that two corps of the Queen had arrived. One of these corps was commanded by *el Pastor*, and the other by Valdez. The forces of the latter amount to 10,000 men. A second affair is spoken of; but we have not received the details of it yet.

Havre Market, June 6.—On the 2d June 62 bales Mobile cotton sold at 100; 20 Georgia at 100; On the 5th, 100 qrs Rio Coffee at 52 1/2 cents; 225 sacks Bahia at 54; 100 qrs Rio Coffee at 52 1/2 cents; 25 bales do first quality 38 1/2; 25 do 2nd 34 1/2.

Jamaica.—Papers from this island have been received to the 32d June, per brig James, Harper, at Philadelphia. They are filled with complaints respecting the evils of the apprentice or free labor system, and from the vexatious changes of detail continually made by the Governor, Lord Sligo. Symptoms of insubordination on several estates, required the prompt interference of the military for their suppression.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

Municipal.—At a meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen on Monday.—An order passed directing the petition of D. Putnam and others, for the continuance of Second street across Brighton street, to low water mark, to be committed. The several petitions of W. Wright et al. to have Broad street paved of White-well, Bond & Co. to have Water st. closed while building there—were soverally referred. Geo. W. Light et al. had leave to withdraw their petitions. Warrants were granted to Thomas Bagnall, Jun, 1st Assistant Foreman, J. L. Eaton, 2d Assistant Foreman, and J. L. Gundersen, Clerk of Engine No. 3; John Wilson, 1st Assistant Foreman, and P. Fuller, Clerk of Hook and Ladder Company No. 2. Jona. Bowditch Jr. was licensed as an Auctioneer.

Naval.—The Navy Commissioners on Friday, visited the Frigate Constitution, and we understand she is ordered to the navy-yard for some trifling repairs. The report of two of our seventy fours being ordered to be got ready for immediate service, is we believe without foundation. And it is not true, that the 110 gun ship on the stocks at Philadelphia, has been ordered to be completed for launching. The U. S. ship Delaware, Com. Patterson, is expected home in October next.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

The corpse of the late Chief Justice Marshall was conveyed from Philadelphia to Baltimore by the Citizens Union Line of steamboats, where it was transferred to the Norfolk steamboat. It was accompanied by three sons of the deceased, and a committee of the citizens of Philadelphia, consisting of Judge Baldwin, Mr. Sergeant, Mr. Rawle, Mr. Peters, and Mr. Ingraham, who proceeded with it to Virginia.

Hon. John Sergeant has been requested to deliver, at a future day before the Philadelphia Bar, an eulogium upon the character of Judge Marshall. Chancellor Kent has also been requested, by the New York Bar, to pronounce an eulogium before the gentlemen of the Bar of that city.

Railroad Accident.—As the engine and train of cars was approaching Worcester on Saturday afternoon, a man was observed lying directly across the track. The engine was stopped, and the man being found to be dead drunk, was removed from the track, and the engine passed without injury.

Hangman Cheated.—Theodore Wilson, who murdered his wife at Kittery a few weeks since, by blows on her head with a stone, died last week at the jail in Alfred. His death was occasioned, it is stated, by wounds which he inflicted on himself on the day of the murder, by broken glass in attempting to enter a window.

POLICE COURT.

Smuggling Emigrants; or the last Heax.—An unwashed, unshaven son of sorrow, named Patrick O'Connor, with two little boys by his side, was found in a shed in Broad street, on Monday night, by a watchman, and being questioned as to his whereabouts, stated, that himself and children had just been landed from the ship John May, Capt. Delaney, direct from Dublin.—He also stated that the ship brought 275 passengers, who were availing themselves of the secrecy of night to debark without the knowledge of the officers of the port. As O'Connor's appearance agreed perfectly with the account he gave of himself, he, together with his boys, were taken to the water-house, and yesterday morning Capt. Case, generalissimo of the night guard, communicated the horrid affair of smuggling human creatures, at the rate of a quarter thousand per night, to his honor the Mayor, who in turn, sent an express to the Custom House. From the Custom House, the Revenue Cutter received immediate orders to scour the Bay and capture the smuggler, but with what success, we know not. But thus we do know:—Patrick O'Connor, and his two dirty little dears, were brought into Court in the afternoon, and ordered to give an account of themselves to his honor. In the first place Patrick stated, that he did "not recollect drinking a ha'porth more nor seven glasses of baire on Monday night;" and in the second place, that "he and his two bits of children came on foot from Claremont, N. H.; and that he had not seen the sign of a ship since he'd been up in this back settlements." As there is no statute nor city ordinance against hoaxing "the City Authorities," Patrick and his brats were discharged with a little wholesome advice to go and lie no more. "Och, sure yer honor, I'll never lift another lie all my born days. I said it all in joke, and had no intension to give the gentlemen of Boston anny trouble at all," replied Pat, as he bowed himself out. But saving Pat's pardon, we don't think he meant to joke at all, but being pinched at the moment to give a plausible account of himself, to prevent an arrest, he "came it over the Charley" with the big ship, to the great terror and consternation of the city officers, and the great inconvenience of the Custom House and Revenue Cutter, besides being jugged with his innocent children.

P. S. The Cutter returned in the course of the forenoon, and was sent out a second time. How far she will go, this heat, we are unable to say—but it is pretty evident she will not capture the ship John May.

Boston and Worcester Railroad.—The amount received on this railroad during the past week, for the fare of passengers, was \$3,133.37—for freight, \$522.45—total, \$3,656.32.

Ex President Adams reached his 6th year, on Saturday last, the 11th of July.

The citizens of Mount Holly have contributed \$419.17, in aid of the New Brunswick sufferers. Mr Secretary Dickerson has contributed \$50.

Amusing Foreign Summary.

Baggage of a Man of Simple Habits.—Though Lord William Bentinck is looked upon as a man of simple habits and manners, his baggage, when moving on as progress as Governor General of India, is described as being carried by one hundred and three elephants, one thousand three hundred camels, and eight hundred wagons, drawn by bullocks, and these escorted by two regiments, one of cavalry, the other of infantry!!

Singular Coincidence of Names.—In a village near London there lived a gentleman named Beer, who married a lady named Goodale; his coachman's name was Gin, and his gardener's name was Winters, who occasionally acted as footman behind the carriage.—One evening at a party, a Mr and Mrs Porter were anxiously waiting for a conveyance home, when Mr Beer kindly offered them a seat in his carriage; this being accepted, Beer, Goodale, and Porter were safely and pleasantly conveyed to their separate homes by Gin and Water.

A Particular Mistress.—A provincial paper contains the following advertisement for a housemaid:—"A young French girl wanted, as housemaid; she must rise early in the morning, light the drawing-room fire (but not clean the grate); she must never wear curl papers, and never presume to give her advice or suggest any thing."

A Chip of the Old Block.—Charles Matthews being asked what he was going to do with his son, (the young man's profession was to be that of an architect)—"Why," answered the comedian, "he is going to draw houses like his father."

Schoolmaster Wanted.—The following is a literal copy of a letter lately sent to a medical gentleman:—"Cer—Yole oblige me of yole kom un ce me I have a Bad kowd an Hill in my Bow Hills and hey lost my Huppy Tight."

Repartee.—An elderly gentleman travelling in a stage-coach was amused by the constant fire of words kept up between two ladies. One of them at last kindly inquired if their conversation did not make his head ache, when he answered with a great deal of naivete, "No na'ain, I have been married 28 years."

The Three Runaways.—Lord Camelford, when once dining with Burdett and Tooke, lamented that his education had been greatly neglected, adding that "he regretted exceedingly that he had run away from the Charter-house." On this Sir Francis observed, with a deep sigh, that "he had run away from Westminster." Mr Horn Tooke, however, consoled them both by observing that "he had run away from Eton."

March of Dancing.—A London contemporary contains an account of a dinner of the Master Chimney Sweepers, which took place on Monday, at Highbury Barn, Islington, at which the speeches, as reported, were of the most respectable character,—followed in the evening by a ball, quadrilles, waltzes, &c. being danced with great spirit till an advanced hour?

Prince Leopold of Naples (under the incognito of Count Syracuse) is now at Paris, and it is said that he means to marry one of Louis Philippe's daughters. It is said that "The Citizen King" wishes his son, the Duc de Nemours, to wed the Queen of Portugal.

Summary of Foreign Intelligence.—From the N. Y. Star.

In South Boston, on Tuesday evening, by Rev. Mr. Motte, Thomas V. Sears, of the firm of Sears & Fales, to Miss Eliza, daughter of Cyrus Alder Esq.

In Salem, John Bowler, to Miss Serena Sweetser, both of Lynn.

In Medford, Israel Trask, of Beverly, to Miss Elizabeth Prentiss.

In this city, on Monday, of scarlet fever, Loyal, only son of L. and Mary T. Loyal, 4 yrs.

In Charlestown, Tuesday morning, Joseph Tufts Esq, councillor at Law, 62.

In Salem, Sarah, wife of Richard S. Rogers Esq, and daughter of the late Hon. Jacob Crowninshield.

In Lynn, Bartlett P. wife of David Vickery Jr, 23.

In Scituate, Rev. Hosea Hildreth, Corresponding Secretary of the Massachusetts Temperance Society.

FREE CHURCH.—The public exercises on the occasion of the organization of the "First Free Congregational Church" will be in Essex Street Church, THIS EVENING, at half past 7 o'clock. Sermon by the Rev. Geo. B. Cheever, of Salem.

MARRIAGES.

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REVIEW OF THE BOSTON MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1835.

ASHES.—Very few Pearls have come to market since our last—the most of what has been received, have been taken at 155 a \$107 pr ton, and one lot at \$60. Puta have been sold to a fair extent at 102 a \$107 pr ton.

ANDLES.—Nearly all the Sperms in market have been sold at 115 a \$100. A few of the best, at 120 a \$100. A few of the best, at 120 a \$100. A few of the best, at 120 a \$100.

COALS.—Sales of Pictou at \$8.00 per chaldron—Schuykill at \$8.25 per ton, and a small import of Newcastle at \$10.00—6000 tons.

COFFE.—We notice a slight improvement in prices of St Domingo—side about 12 boxes at 13 1/2 a \$118 pr lb—there is nothing of importance doing in other descriptions.

CORN MEAL.—Landed sales at \$1.50 a \$1.60 pr lb—cases 5000.

COTTON.—There have been no operations of much importance during the past week—about 60 bales New Orleans ordinary quality, taken for export, at 12 1/2 a \$7.25, and some small lots of Upland and Alabama at quotations.

COPPER.—No change in prices of Sheathing—considerable sales of English—about 12 boxes at 13 1/2 a \$118 pr lb—there is nothing of importance doing in other descriptions.

DUCK.—There is but little doing in this article—sales are made in small lots, as wanted, at our quoted rates.

DYE SUFFLS.—Prices remain without change—considerable sales of French quality: Bengal Indigo at 135 a \$1.50 per lb—few cases of Caracens, within our range of quotations. Sales St Domingo logwood at \$20 pr ton—Cane wood is quite scarce.

DRUGS.—But little doing in Drugs—no change in prices. **FISH.**—Prices of Codfish remain without change—sales 2500 quarts New Bay at 25 a \$2.25—1000 do Hake and Haddock at 150 a \$1.00—small lots of New Bank at \$2.25, and 1000 do at \$3.50, cash. Prices of No 1 & 2 No 3 kernel have advanced—now held at \$7 1/2 and \$8 1/2 pr lb—considerable sales No 3 at quotations—also 100 bbls No 1 Alewives at \$3.62 pr bush, cash.

FLAX.—We notice a further advance of 12 1/2 a 25c per bbl on four since our last report. Holders are quite firm at our highest rates—sales last week Genesee at 7 1/2 a \$7.25, and common brands, Howard street at 7 1/2 a \$7.25, and 7000 cash—Richmond Canal at 6 1/2 a \$6.25, and 1 Philadelphia at 6 1/2 a \$6.25—today about 1000 bbls Genesee have been sold at 7 1/2 a \$7.25—400 bbls Howard street at 7 1/2 a \$7.25.

FRUIT.—There is but very little Strawberry or Malaga fruit in market—Nuts are quite scarce—we advance our quotations for most descriptions. Sales by auction 5000 dimes Saltina Raisins \$3 1/2 a \$4.00.

GRAIN.—A further improvement has taken place in the Grain market, the arrivals since our last have been mostly of yellow flat, of which more than 15,000 bushels have been sold at 13 1/2 a \$1.07 pr bush cash. There is no white Corn in market, and 1000 bbls Northern have been taken at 1.00 bush. Northern Oats have been sold at 75 c and Southern do at 67 c—no Northern Rye in market.

HONEY.—Sales Cuba at 45 a 55c per gal cash. **LARD.**—In the demand, there is but a small stock in market. Sales of choice Russia in small lots at 17 1/2 a \$1.00 per ton—and about 50 bales Manila at 10 a \$1.00.

HAY.—Sales to a small extent at our quoted rates. **HIDES.**—The market is rather depressed—sales about 500 Pennsylvania at 110 pr lb—100 Georgia at 120, and 400 wet sold at 7 1/2 a \$7.25.

HOPS.—But few in market, and no sales of importance. **IRON.**—No change in the market—sales of a cargo of Swedes, common assortment, at \$35 per ton—a lot English refined at \$38, and small lots of 8 a \$30 per ton.

LEAD.—Sales of Missouri Pig at 10 a \$10.00. **LEAD.**—Dull of sale—Thompson has been held at \$1.00 per cask.

LUMBER.—In good demand—sales of a number of cargoes at our quoted rates. **RAISINS.**—Sales of part of the recent importations of R. & C. Brandy at 125 a \$1.25 pr gal—Holland Gin, first brand, at \$1.10—Crown Brand at \$1.00—West India at \$1.00—500 bbls St Croix Rum at 90 a \$1.00, and New England for export at 30 pr gallon, 6 mos.

SILVER.—There have been a number of arrivals principally of sterling quality, since our last report, and extensive sales have been made to speculators and others at our last reported rates.—The principal sales we notice are 1500 lbs Havanna and Matanzas at 29 1/2 a \$2.90 pr gallon, part 6 mos credit, part cash, 4 pr lb—1000 lbs Trinidad at 35 a \$3.50—50 do sugar, 35 a \$3.50—small lot of Rio de Janeiro at 35c, cash—and by auction 1900 lbs Havanna at 29 1/2 a \$2.90—do do do at 30 1/2 a \$3.00—some holders, anticipating higher prices, refuse to sell at present rates.

SILVER.—Dull of sale, and stocks increasing—sales of Virginia Copper at 10 a \$1.00—North Carolina, new, at \$1.00 for soft, and \$2.00 for hard—Pitch at \$1.75 pr bbl, 2 pr cent off for cash—and Tar, in lots, at \$2 1/2 a \$2.50 pr bbl, cash.

SUGAR.—In full supply in market and prices improving—smaller strained is held at 90c and winter \$1.00 per gal—further sales crude white at 30c—much oil has been declined and we notice quotations accordingly—large sales for cash, of mixed at \$1.20 a \$1.25 per gal—an entire invoice received last week was taken before arrival at \$1.15 per gal—last sales baskets of \$1.00 per basket.

PLASTER.—Large sales at 2 1/2 a 2 3/4 pr ton. **PROVISIONS.**—A fair business has been done in the leading articles at former rates.

RICE.—Sales to a fair extent of Carolina at 23 a 40c pr lb. **SUGAR.**—There is no change of importance in the market. **WAGGERS.**—There have been no arrivals since our last report, and the market is rather depressed—sales about 500 Pennsylvania at 110 pr lb—100 Georgia at 120, and 400 wet sold at 7 1/2 a \$7.25.

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AUCTION SALES

REMOVABLES.—S. K. BAYLEY has removed his office

